ORGANIZATION DESIGN WITH A SYSTEMS-THINKING LENS

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OBJECTIVES

Organization Design with a systems-thinking lens

This session will explore three key themes:

- 1. How we use **diagnosis** to do truly **systemic** organization design
- 2. Going beyond the formal organization and seeing the system in flow through the informal organization design-networks and system dynamics.
- 3. Paying attention to the other system elements **beyond** structure when we do org design



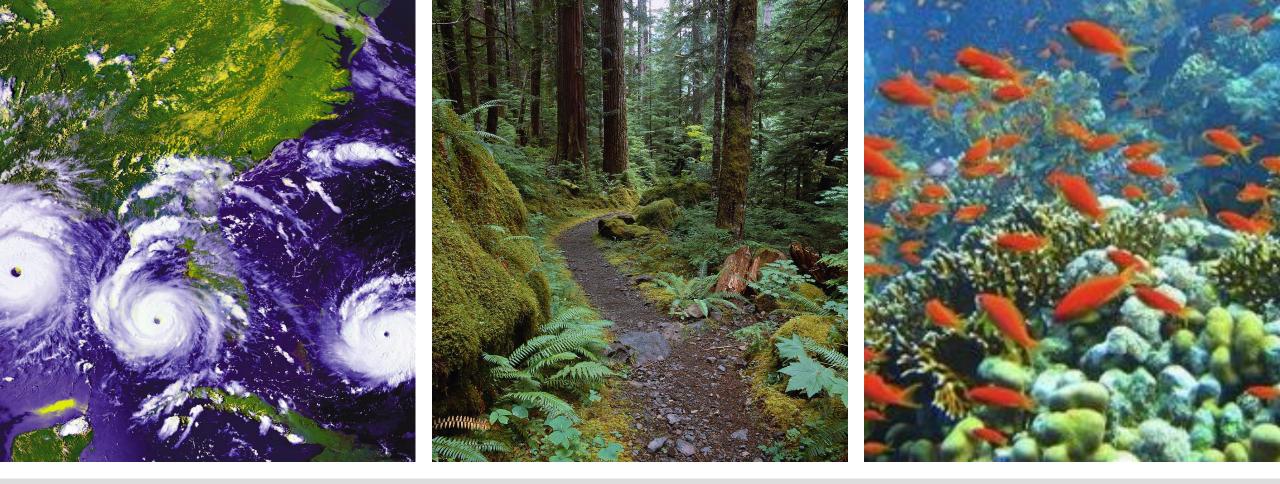
CHAT: WHAT IS A 'SYSTEM'?

How would you describe a system – what one word comes to mind?

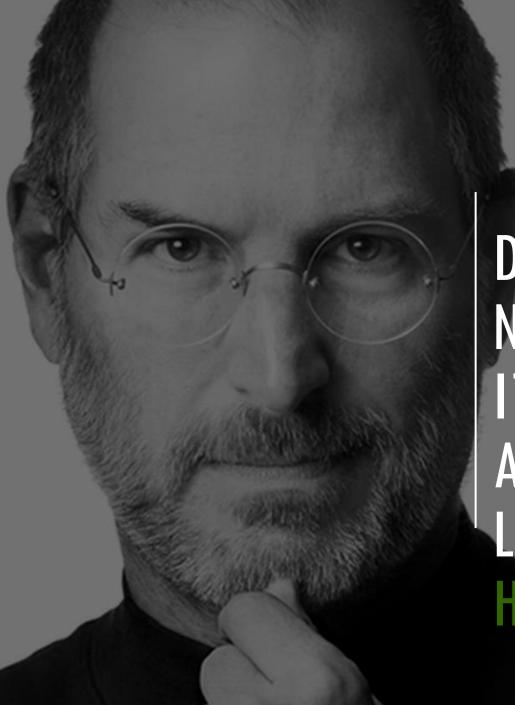
Please enter your comments in the chat

"A system is a set of things – people, cells, molecules – interconnected in such a way that they produce their own pattern of behavior over time."

⁻ Meadows, Donella. Thinking in Systems, 2008

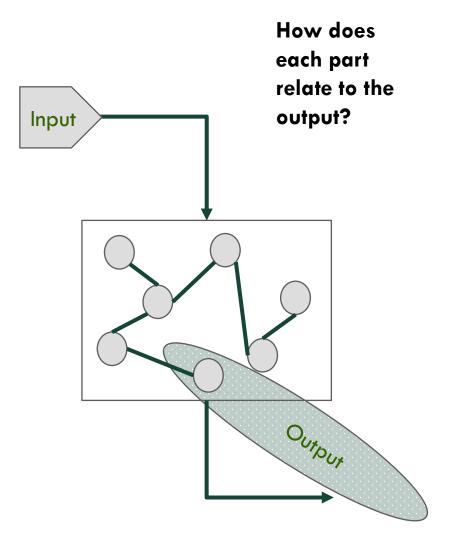


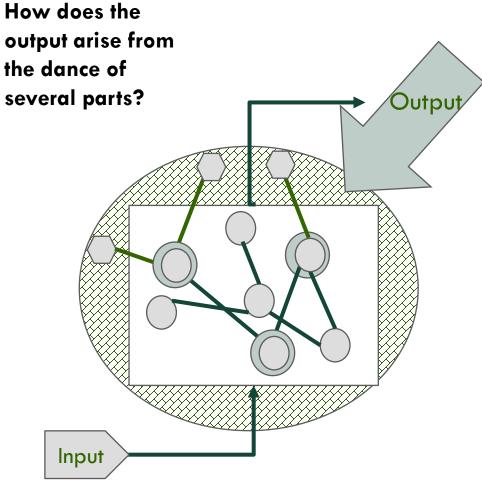
COMPLEX ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS



DESIGN IS NOT JUST WHAT IT LOOKS LIKE AND FEELS LIKE. DESIGN IS **OWHT**WORKS

LOOKING AT THE PARTS V. LOOKING AT THE WHOLE

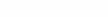


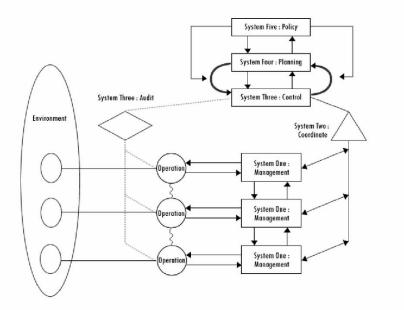


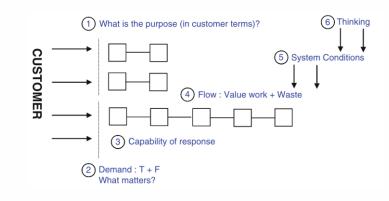
SOME APPROACHES

Stafford Beer

Viable Systems Model





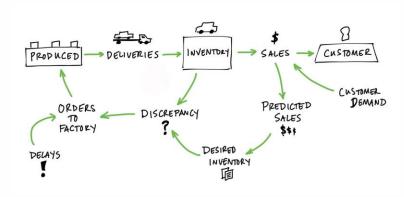


Vanguard Method

John Seddon







Originated from Cybernetics. The VSM is a framework to understand and design organizations that can adapt to changes and thrive in a complex world through the interaction of five subsystems that work together with the authority and structure to become a self-organizing system that can respond effectively to external challenges. Originated from lean manufacturing. This method is often used by **service organizations**. Purpose is defined in terms of **value demand** (what the organization is asked to do or provide/which problems to solve). It hones on capabilities with the goal of reducing waste, thus reducing **failure demand** (demand caused by failure to provide the right service or product to the customer). An approach to understanding the behavior of complex systems over time. It uses feedback loops and stocks and flows to describe how even seemingly simple systems display non-linearity.

CASE STUDY 1: APPLYING SYSTEMS THINKING

The diagnosis

Background: An enterprise has revaluated their core business and to gain focus, has decided to separate from the core, the P&L of certain product lines that will integrate as a unit in a different jurisdiction with the intent of increasing market share in that country and provide access to raw materials to the core business. The new unit will still leverage the operational and supply chain infrastructure of the core business to deliver value to the customer.

Presenting request: How can we become an autonomous operation, grow our traditional product lines, increase the raw material access to the core and deliver end-to-end value to the customer although we do not have full decision rights over the operational aspects?

Analytical thinking

- 1. What is the strategy?
- 2. What is the gap (people, process, technology) between the strategy and what is needed?
- 3. Hypotheses to solve the gap
- 4. Structural choices

Systems-thinking

1. What is happening?

- What is the work system we are examining and how is it embedded into the larger organization?
- What does the system do? (In terms of outputs)
- How do the agents of the system describe the system?
- What are stable patterns of interaction and behavior among agents?

2. What are the boundaries within the system?

- How do the recurring behaviors confine the system?
- How does the system connect with the broader system?

Analytical thinking led to product value proposition and go-to-market initiatives System-thinking led to acknowledging (and drawing) the operating model and the interplay between areas

APPLYING SYSTEMS THINKING

Design criteria and strategic grouping

- In a vast geography, autonomy and agility of the customer facing units but acting with cohesion as one entity
- Shift from activity-led to customer-led
- Cross pollination by different product lines
- One central P&L instead of product P&Ls
- Simplify decision-making

Sub-system 1: Primary activities that deliver value. The "feed and breed" activities

Sub-system 2: Harmonization, coordination, conflict prevention & resolution.

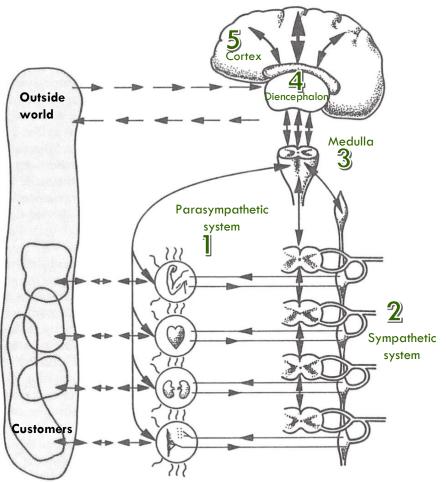
Sub-system 3: Self-regulation, learning, synergy

Sub-system 4: Input from the senses, environmental scanning, forward planning, Adaptation

Sub-system 5: Organizational identity, ethos, broader network of relations

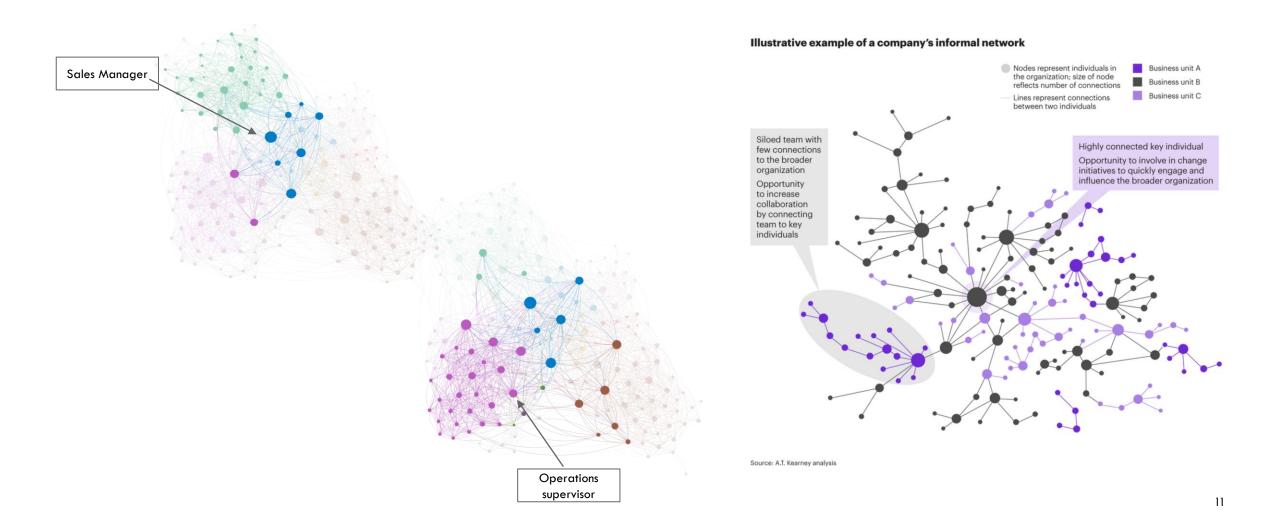
Folk Theorem and the most fundamental design principle: INFLUENCE MUST MATCH INTERDEPENDENCE

Interdependence: Agents that need each other to get the job done Influence: The ability to influence beliefs and actions among agents

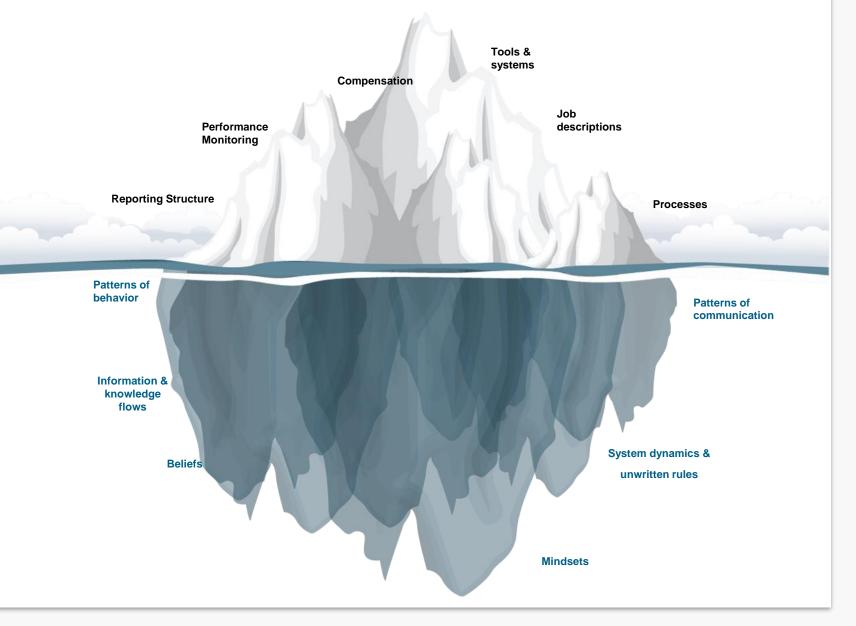


APPLYING SYSTEMS THINKING

From macro to micro: understanding the underlying network behavior and mobilizing agents



To propel transformation, be the current, not the wind



QUICK POLL

How often does your client/organization have a clear and thorough understanding of the 'real' issues at play—below the water line?

- 1. All the time
- 2. Greater than 50% of the time
- 3. Less than 50% of the time
- 4. Never

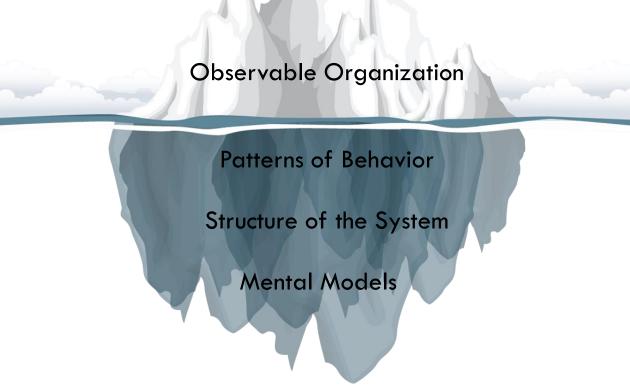
CASE STUDY 2: DYSFUNCTIONAL CULTURAL NORMS

This small successful company facing inflection point for growth

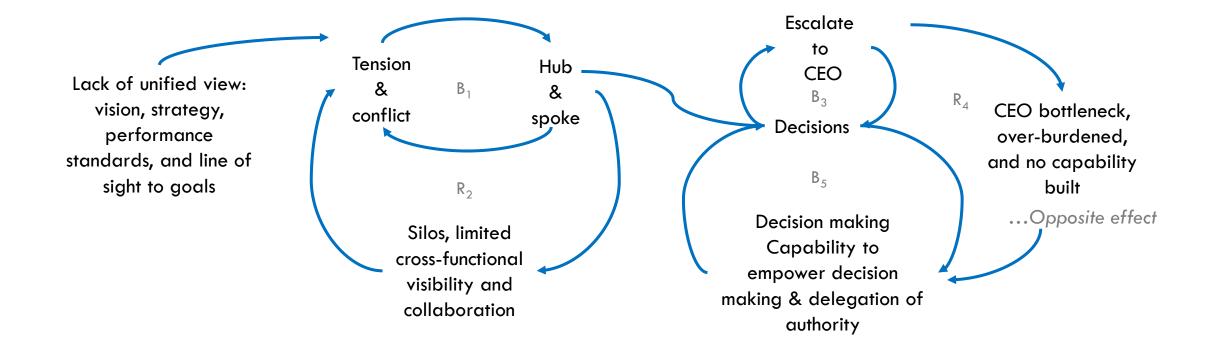
CEO knows he needs to look at his entire company operating model as they further scale the business.

He currently has 15 direct reports.

Organization diagnosis reveals underlying system dynamics that org structure alone can't solve.



SYSTEM THINKING REVEALS UNDERLYING DYNAMICS



These systemic dynamics at play, if left unaddressed, will erode performance and cultural strengths over time

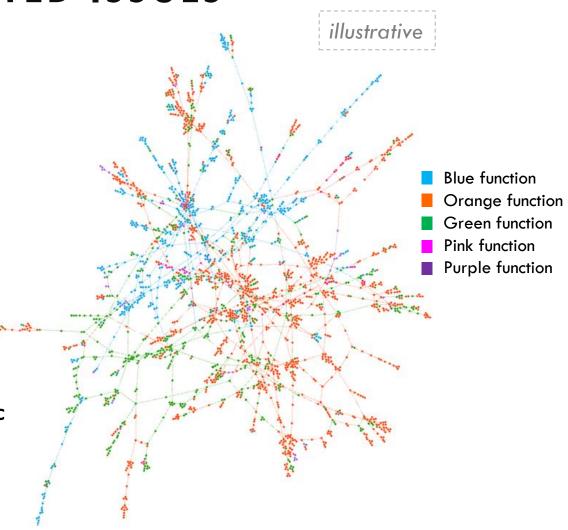
CASE STUDY 3: INTERCONNECTED ISSUES

Large global organization experiencing significant change in their industry

Company doing well, but executive team facing many issues across the organization

Detailed organization diagnosis using ONA and systems thinking tools helped the leaders visualize their challenges and see the interconnections

Result: Data-driven prioritized plan to address systemic challenges, clarified leverage points, and provided context to better design organizational structure

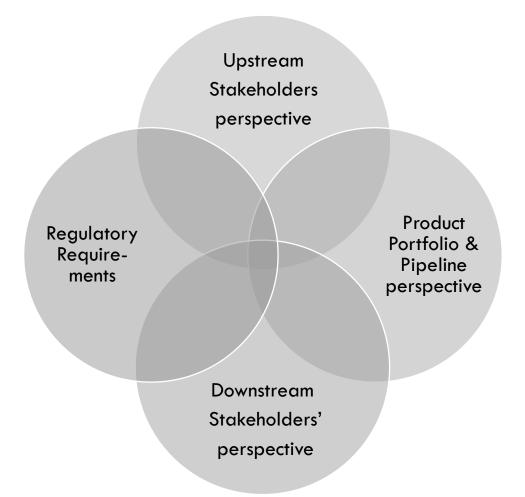


CASE STUDY 4: BLIND SPOTS

Global function of a multi billion-dollar company requests org design for their function

Systemic organization diagnosis reveals significant blind spots

Result: Org designed with greater clarity of stakeholder expectations, geographic considerations, and implications to the greater system



SUMMARY

- 1. Don't shortchange thorough org diagnosis.
- 2. Seek to understand interconnections of the system / network and the whole.
- 3. Sometimes org structure design is not the best (or first) solution.
- 4. See the entire iceberg!
- 5. Small changes in a complex system can produce large and unexpected effects.

LET'S CONNECT!

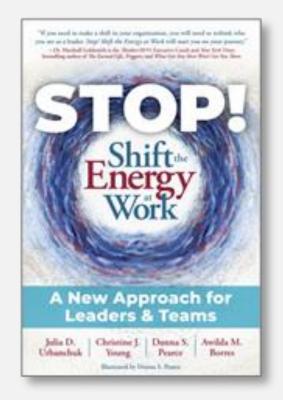
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Coming soon on Amazon! Stop! Shift the Energy at Work Authors: Urbanchuk, Young, Pearce, & Borres



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- Thinking in Systems Amazon.com: Thinking in Systems: International Bestseller eBook : Meadows, Donella H., Wright, Diana: Kindle Store
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